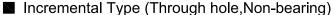


### Shanghai Hengxiang Optical Electronics Co.,Ltd

Rotary Encoder

## .100 Specifications 1/9





 Feature: This product is a professional designed of ultra-thin bearingless encoder,easy to install and various shaft holes to select. It perfectly solve user's installation solution in the limited space, has obtained the national invention patent because of its unique structure

Application: servo motor,robot,etc

External dimensions: external diameter Ø100mm,thickness
 16mm,diameter of shaft Ø63mm(Max)

Resolution: up to 10000P/RSupply voltage: DC5V; DC8-30V

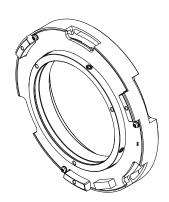
Cable length: 300mm

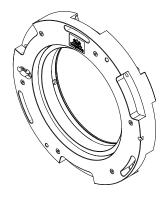
● Socket: E=SM08B-GHS-TB;

F=SM14B-GHS-TB; G=FPC-10-14P

(need to select the matching socket)

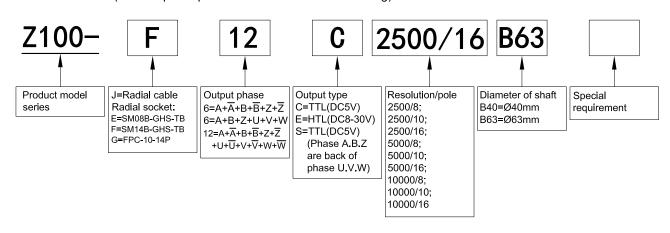
Weight: about 200g





### Model Guide

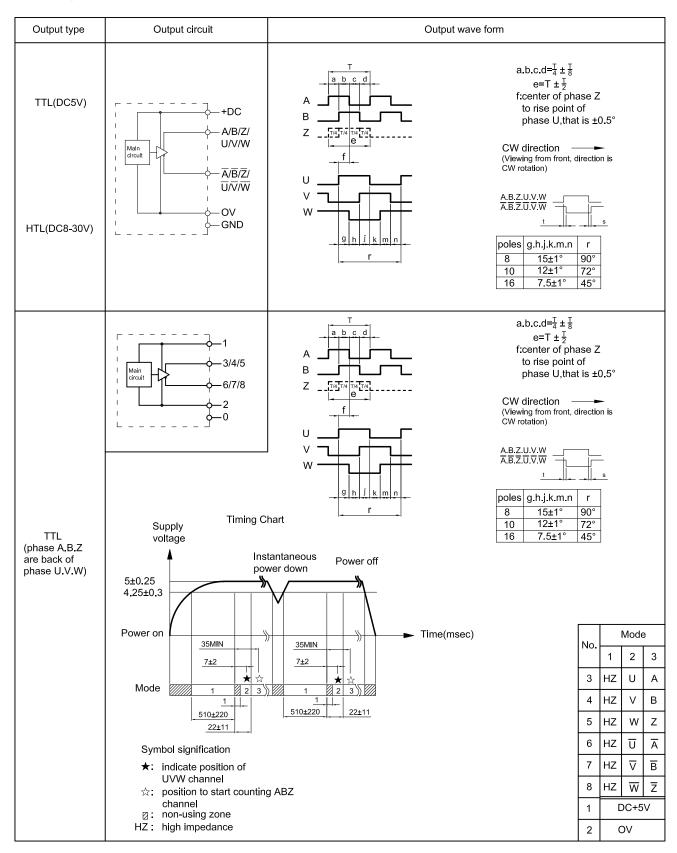
Model form (filled required parameters in the box as following)



### Specifications 2/9



### Output Mode



# Specifications 3/9



### ■ Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Output ty	уре		TTL					
Item			TTL	(phase A.B.Z are back of phase U.V.W)	HTL				
Supply voltage			DC+5V±5%	DC8-30V±5%					
Consumption cu	ırrent		120mA Max						
Top response frequency			200KHz	300KHz					
	Output current		≤±20mA	≤±50mA					
Output capacity	Output voltage	"H"	≥2.5V	≥Vcc-3 VDC					
	Output voltage	"L"	≤0.5V	≤ 1V Vpc					
Rise & Fall time			Less than 1us(cable length: 2m)						
Delay motion time *			_	-					
GND			not connect to encoder						

<sup>\*</sup> Phase A.B.Z are back of phase U.V.W when power on.

### ■ Environmental Specifications

Slew speed	(top response frequency / pulse)×60						
Environmental temperature	Operating: -20~+105°C; Storage: -25~+110°C						
Environmental humidity	Operating and storage: 35~85%RH (noncondensing)						

## Specifications 4/9



### Connection

### Radial cable

No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Color	shielding	red	black	white	green	yellow	white/ black	green/ black	yellow/ black	blue	gray	pink	blue/ black	gray/ black	pink/ black
Function	GND	DC	OV	Α	В	Z	Ā	B	Z	U	٧	W	Ū	V	$\overline{W}$

### • 8-Pin Radial Socket Table 1

Socket Pin No.	Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
Function	z	Z	В	B	Α	Ā	٥٧	+DC

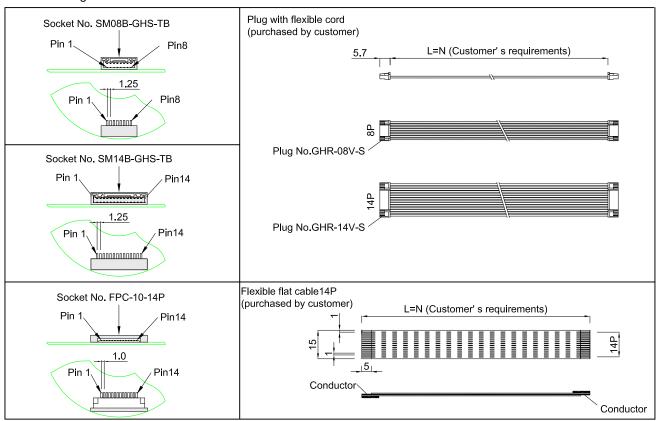
### • 8-Pin Radial Socket Table 2

Socket Pin No.		Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
Mode	1	HZ	HZ	HZ	HZ HZ		HZ HZ		
	2	U	I⊃	>	V	W	I	+DC	ΟV
	3	Α	Ā	В	В	Z	Z		

### 14-Pin Radial Socket

Socket Pin No.	Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8	Pin9	Pin10	Pin11	Pin12	Pin13	Pin14
Function	V	⊽	Ū	U	$\overline{W}$	W	Z	Z	В	B	А	Ā	ΟV	+DC

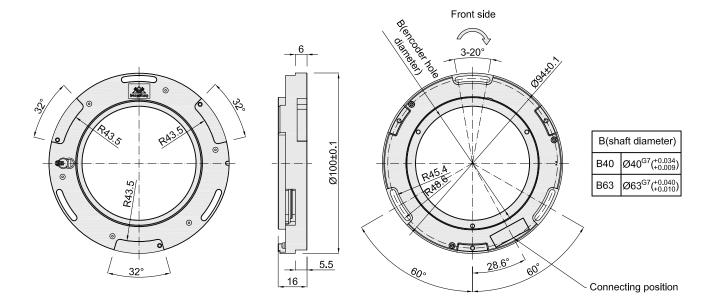
### Pin Assignments



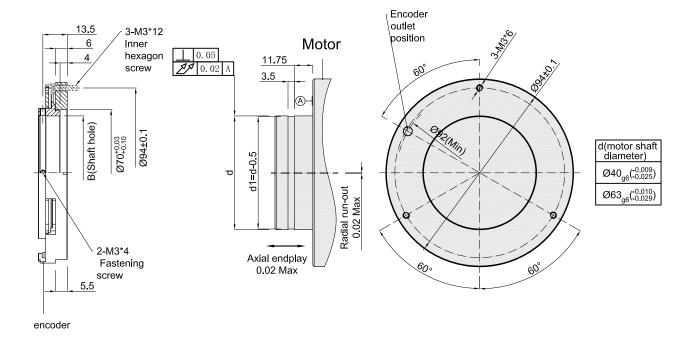
## Specifications 5/9



### Basic Dimensions



### Assembling requirement



### Unit: mm



, = Rotate direction of signal output shaft

### Specifications 6/9

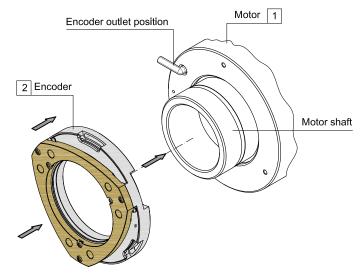


### Assembling steps for UVW encoder(servo only)

#### Step 1

- a. Before installing the encoder, first confirm
  the starting zero position of the motor and lock
  it tightly to ensure the motor shaft won't moving
  until the encoder completed installation,
  otherwise the zero position of the encoder cannot
  be aligned with the zero position of the motor,
- b. put the encodea (2) directly on the motor shaft and gently push it to the motor platform by hand.

Note: For the tolerance of the encoder shaft sleeve and the motor shaft, please refer to page 5.

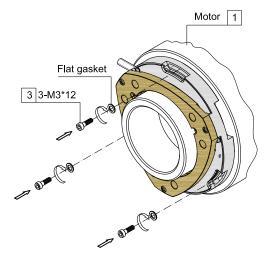


#### Step 2

Apply thread glue to the front of the three M3\*12 bolts (3), and fix them on the motor (1) together with the spring washer and flat plate.

Note: At this time, the screws do not need to be tightened or loosened too much.

The force is based on the ability to turn the encoder by hand.

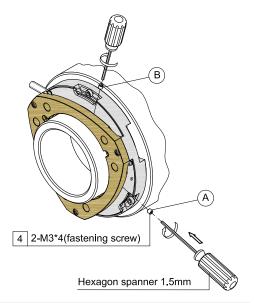


### Step 3

Apply thread glue to the front of the two m3\*4 top screws (4) on the side of the encoder and tighten them to fix the encoder 's disk to the motor shaft.

#### Note:

Follow the tightening sequence of the two screws as figure, first A then B
Recommended tightening force is 0.6N.m



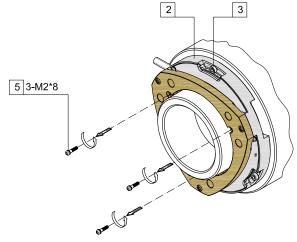
### Specifications 7/9



### Assembling steps for UVW encoder(Continued)

#### Step 4

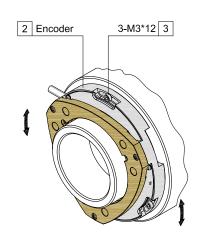
Remove the three M2\*8 bolts (5) and discard them to complete the separation between the encoder disk and the encoder body



#### Step 5

- a. Connect the encoder signal wires, power on, and connect to the oscilloscope or other testing equipment that can read the zero signal of the motor and encoder.
- the zero signal of the motor and encoder.

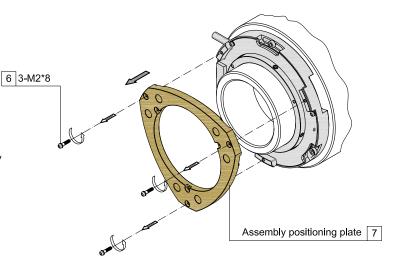
  b. Turn the encoder (2) from left to right and obsertve the testing equipment until the zero position of the encoder is aligned with the zero position signal of the motor.
- c. Then tighten the three M3\*12 bolts (3), (recommended tightening force is 0.6 N.m)
- d. The zero position of the motor can be unlocked at this time, but the motor still can't be rotated.



#### Step 6

- a. Remove the three M2\*8 bolts (6)
- b. Take off the assembly positioning plate (7), the encoder is ready to use now

Note: If you want to reset the zero position or remove the encoder (2), you must replace the assembly positioning plate (7).



## Specifications 8/9

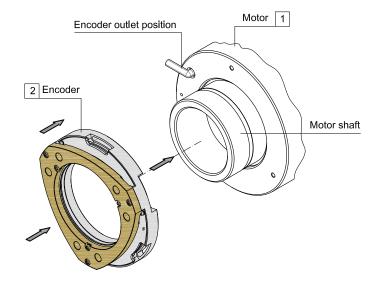


### ■ Assembling steps without UVW encoder

#### Step 1

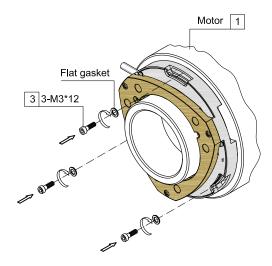
Put the encoder (2) directly on the motor shaft and genrly push it to the motor platform by hand.

Note: For the tolerance of the encoder shaft sleeve and the motor shaft, please refr to page 5.



Step 2

Apply thread glue to the front of the three M3\*12 bolts (3), and fix them to the motor (1) together with spring washer and flat plate, and then tighten them with a fixed torque of 0.6N.m.



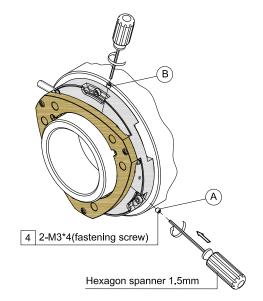
### Step 3

Apply thread glue to the front of the two M3\*4 top screws (4) on the side of the encoder and tighten them to fix the encoder's disk on the motor shaft.

#### Note

Follow the tightening sequence of the two screws as figure, first A then B

Recommended tightening force is 0.6N.m



## Specifications 9/9

### Assembling steps without UVW encoder (Continued)

- Step 4
  a. Remove the fhree M2\*8 bolts (6) in turn.
  b. Take off the assembly positioning plate (7), the encoder is ready to use now

Note: If you want to reset the zero starting point or remove the encoder (2), you must replace the assembly positioning plate(7).

